

Cambridge International AS & A Level

GEOGRAPHY

Paper 2 Core Human Geography

9696/22

October/November 2021

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed) Insert (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer four questions in total:
 Section A: answer all questions.
 Section B: answer one question.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The insert contains all the resources referred to in the questions.

LICs = low income countries. MICs = middle income countries. HICs = high income countries.

PMT

Section A

Answer **all** questions in this section. All questions are worth 10 marks.

Population

- 1 Fig. 1.1 shows life expectancy at birth in Kenya, an MIC in Africa, 2000–18.
 - (a) Using Fig. 1.1, calculate the increase in life expectancy at birth from 2000 to 2018. Show your working.
 - (b) Suggest two reasons for the increase in life expectancy at birth shown in Fig. 1.1. [3]
 - (c) Explain how low life expectancy of the population may be linked to low levels of development.

[5]

Migration

- **2** Fig. 2.1 shows the causes of internal displacements of people in 2017.
 - (a) Using Fig. 2.1:
 - (i) state the largest cause of internal displacement of people in 2017 [1]
 - (ii) calculate the percentage of internal displacement caused by weather-related events. Show your working. [2]
 - (b) Suggest two pull factors why internally displaced people may return to their source area. [3]
 - (c) Explain how forced internal migration may have negative impacts on receiving/destination areas.
 [4]

Settlement dynamics

- **3** Fig. 3.1 shows new megacities predicted for 2030.
 - (a) Describe the distribution of the new megacities predicted for 2030 shown in Fig. 3.1. [3]
 - (b) Outline two benefits of megacities for the provision of services. [2]
 - (c) Explain the challenges of providing either power infrastructure or transport infrastructure for large cities.

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Section B

Answer **one** question from this section. All questions are worth 30 marks.

Population

- 4 (a) (i) Give the meaning of the term *overpopulation*. [3]
 - (ii) Explain how overpopulation may be caused by changes in natural increase. [4]
 - (b) With the aid of examples, explain why some areas in HICs may be overpopulated. [8]
 - (c) 'Underpopulation of an area is easier to manage than overpopulation of an area.'

With the aid of examples, to what extent do you agree with this view? [15]

Population/Migration

- 5 (a) With the aid of examples, describe how the age of migrants may impact on the population structure of a receiving/destination area. [7]
 - (b) For your case study of **one** international migration stream, explain the causes of the migration. [8]
 - (c) For the international migration stream chosen in (b), how far would you agree that the source areas have benefited more than the receiving/destination areas? [15]

Migration/Settlement dynamics

- 6 (a) With the aid of examples, describe three ways in which Central Business Districts (CBDs) are changing. [7]
 (b) Explain why urban renewal is happening in some urban areas. [8]
 - (c) With the aid of examples, assess the extent to which internal migration (within a country) influences the residential structure of urban settlements. [15]

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